



# RILS 2021: Design Innovation in Educational Assessment Systems

*The National Center for the Improvement of Educational Assessment*

September 2021



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# Welcome to RILS 2021

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## Purpose of RILS 2021:

Discuss the different aspects of the design innovation process for assessment systems including:

- exploring the process for designing an innovative assessment system,
- providing an overview of current innovations in assessment systems, and
- delving into the attributes necessary for the design of an innovative assessment system.



# RILS Sessions

Session	Date	Presenter(s)
<b>Session 2:</b> Understanding the Problems for Design Innovation – <i>Root Cause Analysis</i>	Monday, September 20, 2021 1:00-2:30	Juan D’Brot and Chris Brandt Guests
<b>Session 3:</b> Leveraging Community for Design Innovation - <i>Engaging Stakeholders</i>	Monday, September 20, 2021 3:00-4:30	Carla Evans Guests
<b>Session 4:</b> Planning for Design Innovation – <i>Assessment Systems and Theory of Action</i>	Thursday, September 23, 2021 1:00-2:30	Erika Landl Nathan Dadey
<b>Session 5:</b> Exploring the Design Innovation Process – <i>Iteration in Assessment System Design</i>	Thursday, September 23, 2021 3:00-4:30	Brian Gong Guests
<b>Session 6:</b> Exploring the IADA Innovation Process – <i>Challenges and Opportunities</i>	Friday, September 24, 2021 1:00-2:30	Scott Marion and Carla Evans  Chris Domaleski

# Design Innovation – What is it?

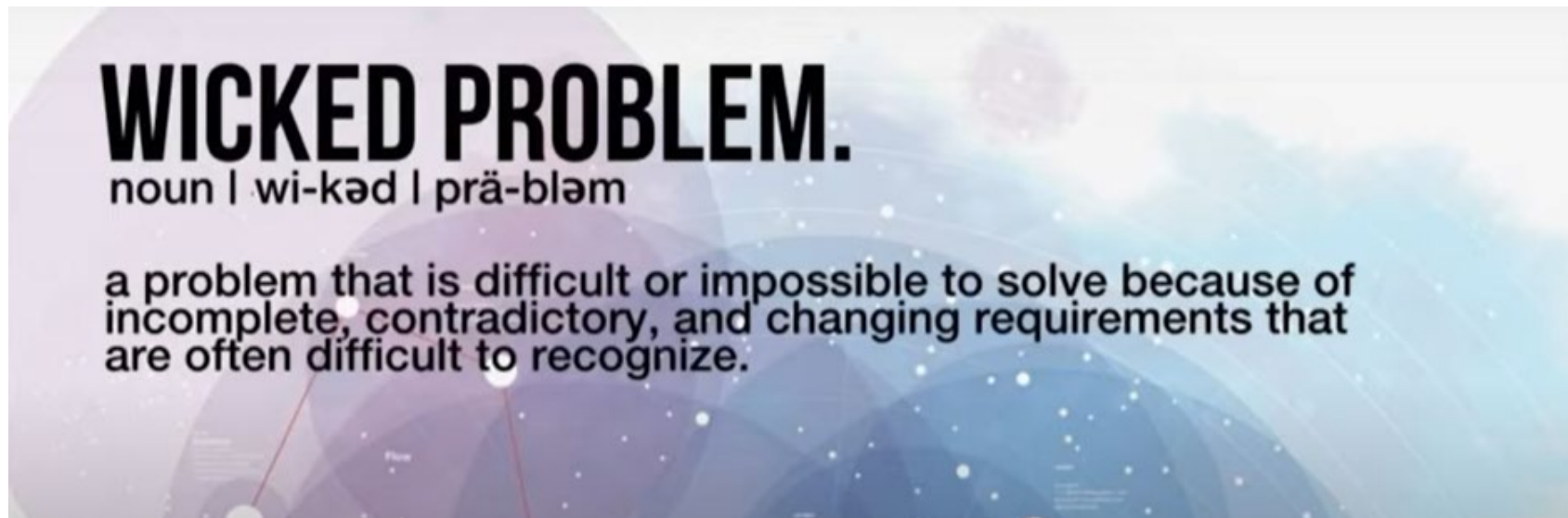
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Ideology

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Process

*To solve “wicked” problems in a user-centric way*



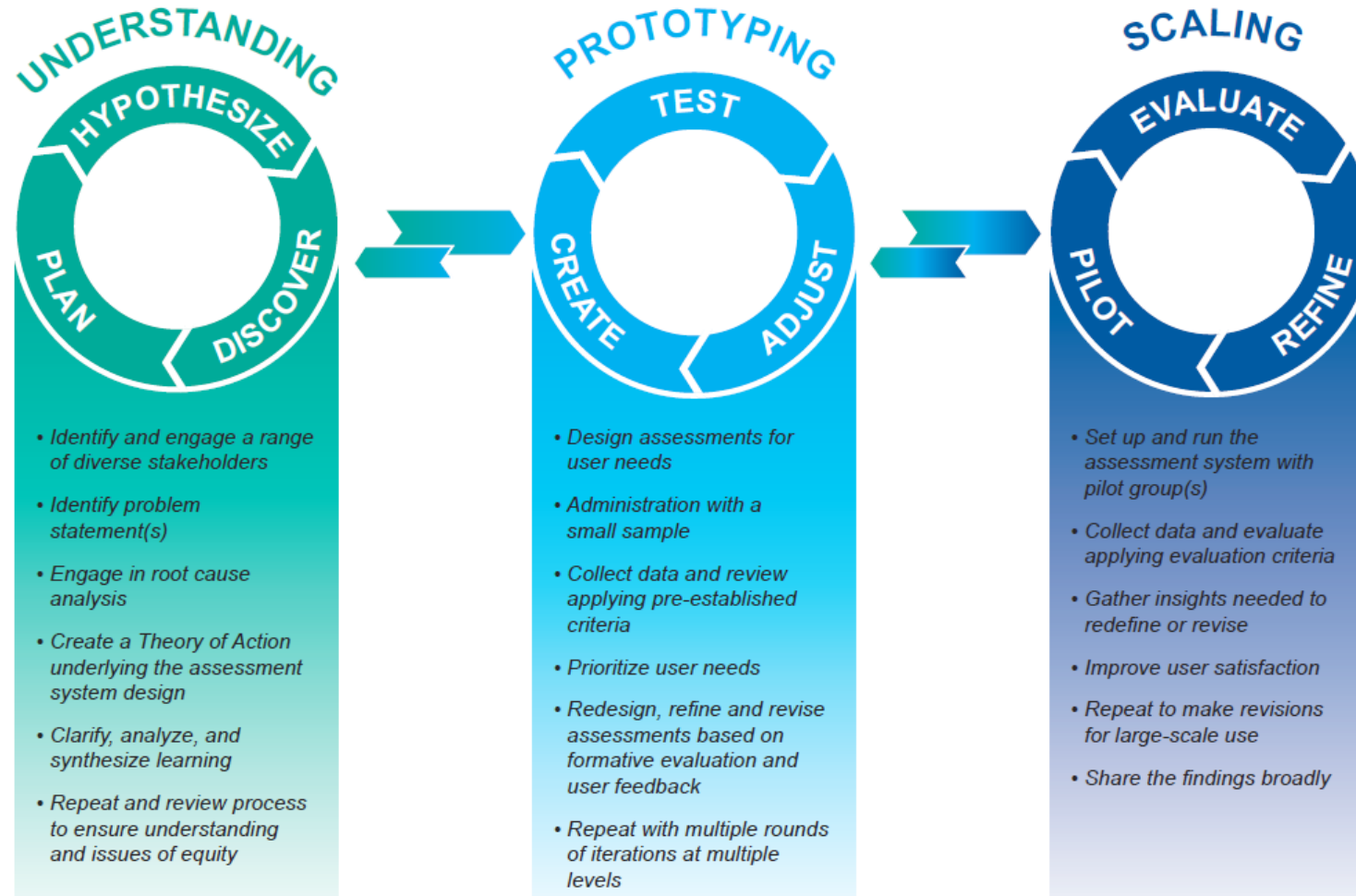
# Assessment Systems as a *Wicked Problem*

## *How to appropriately assess students?*

- *What does this mean?*
- *What is the end result*
- *What is the end result?*
- *Will it work for all students?*
- *Will it work in all content areas?*
- *Will it work in all environments?*
- *How does the solution of one aspect impact the next situation?*



# One Model for the DESIGN INNOVATION PROCESS



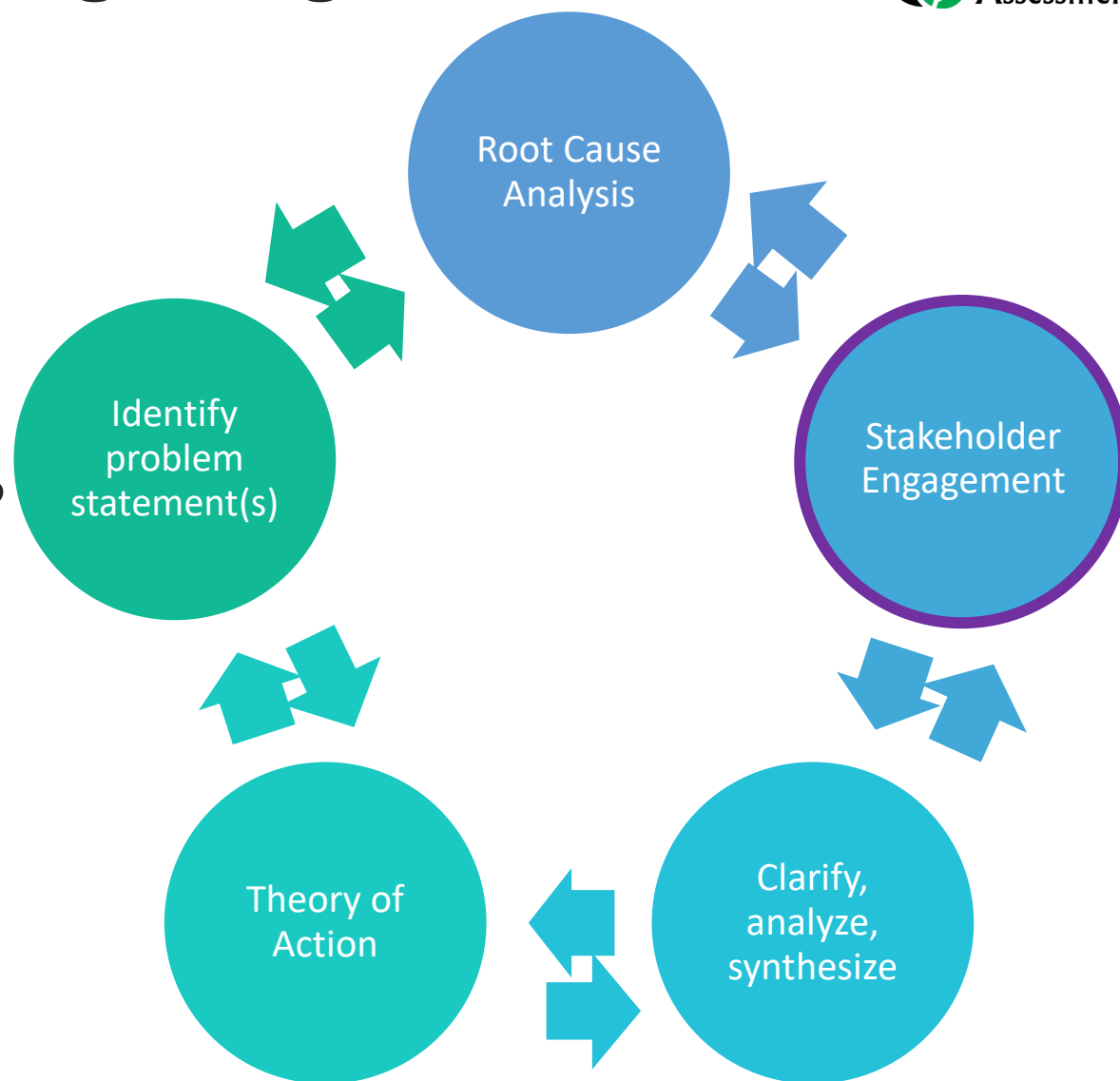


# “Understanding” Stage



- Identify and engage a range of diverse stakeholders
- Identify problem statement(s)
- Engage in root cause analysis
- Create a Theory of Action underlying the assessment system design
- Clarify, analyze, and synthesize learning
- Repeat and review process to ensure understanding and issues of equity

***Hypothesize  
Discover  
Plan***



# Session 3 Focus

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*"Have no fear of perfection -- you'll never reach it." --  
Salvador Dali, artist*

## Planning for Innovation

- Tensions in Stakeholder Engagement
- When and How to Engage Stakeholders
- Different Perspectives
- Panel Discussion
- Q&A / Closure





## Planning for Innovation - *Engaging Stakeholders*

Carla Evans

Brian Reiter, Hawai'i Department of  
Education

Jeff Broom, Chicago Public Schools



# ***Leveraging Community for Design Innovation: Stakeholder Engagement***

Carla Evans, Center for Assessment

Brian Reiter, Hawai'i Department of Education

Jeff Broom, Chicago Public Schools

***Reidy Interactive Lecture Series: Session 3***



# Rate your previous experience with stakeholder engagement (either from a leader or participant perspective)

Always negative **A**

Mostly negative **B**

Mostly positive **C**

Always positive **D**



*"Our main goal is to please our stakeholders... except when their processes are complex... or when they have too many requirements... or when they are hard to deal with."*

# Pro Forma Activity

- satisfies minimum requirements
- compliance driven
- checks the boxes

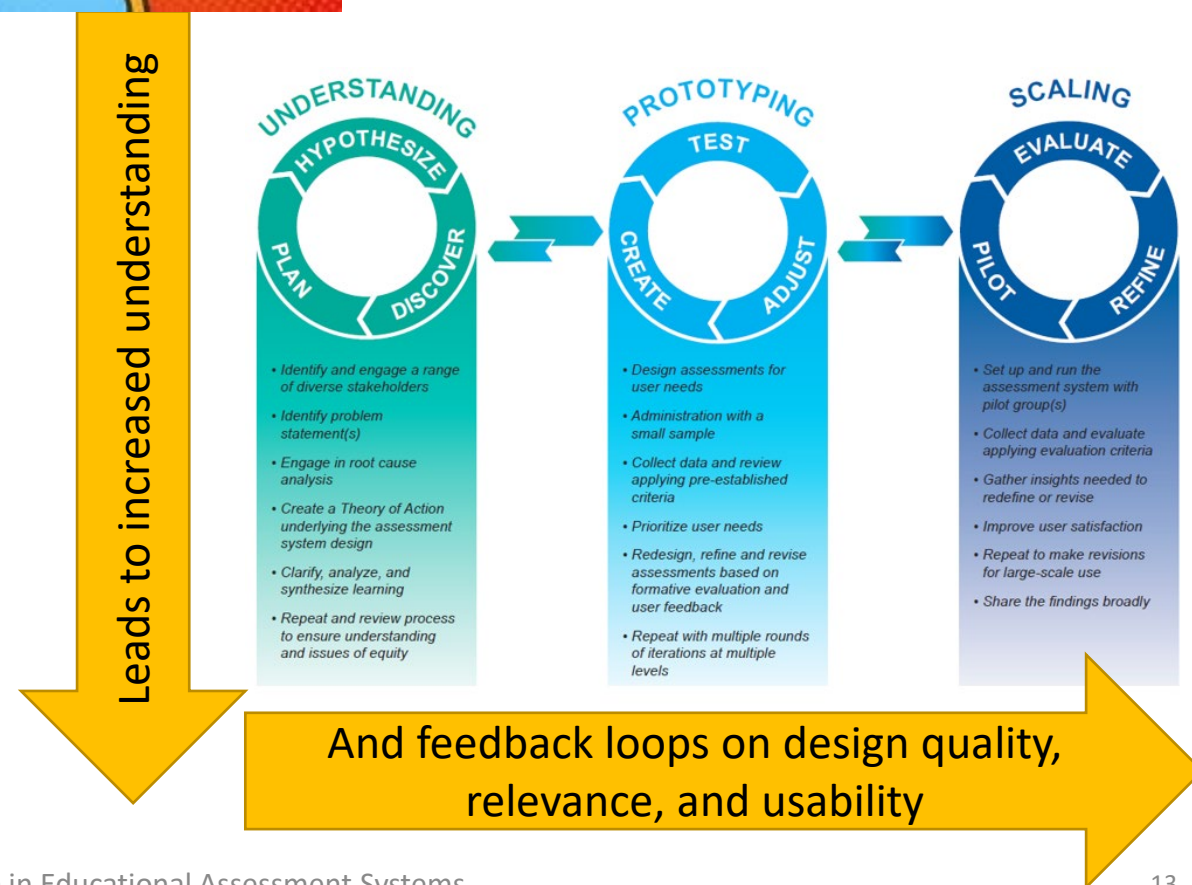


ComputerHope.com



# Meaningful Activity

- input/perspective driven
- vertical and horizontal



# What Gets in the Way?

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- **Surface (what is spoken, seen, or heard)**
  - Time, money, effort
  - No history of previous engagement (e.g., state with parents)
  - Other? What would you add....
- **Core (feelings; beliefs; values)**
  - Lack of belief in the value of adjusting/changing design based on feedback
    - Don't we know what is best?
    - What do they really know more than we do?
  - Feedback is not always clear cut or pointing in the same direction
  - History of oppression—those who perpetuate oppression; those who have been previously traumatized/unheard may not want to participate
  - Other? What would you add....





# Common Stakeholders in Education

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Those who are impacted by the problem, who know the problem, or who have ideas about a solution:

1. Teachers
2. School/district leaders
3. Students
4. Parents
5. Community members
6. Groups representing the special interests of students with disabilities, English language learners, indigenous tribes, etc.
7. Business community



# Some Common Methods

## For engaging stakeholders and collecting feedback

- *Human-centered design approaches:* empathy interviews; shadowing; defining personas; etc.
- *More common stakeholder engagement methods:* surveys, focus groups, community forums, listening sessions, empathy interviews, etc.



## Presenters

- **Brian Reiter**, Student Assessment Administrator, Hawai'i Department of Education
- **Jeff Broom**, School Quality Measurement and Research Director, Chicago Public Schools



# Presenter Questions

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- What, when and with whom did you solicit stakeholder engagement?
- Why did you structure the stakeholder engagement as you did?
- What did you learn from stakeholders?
- How did you adjust/modify the design and/or implementation plan based on stakeholder feedback and why?
- Was there any feedback you didn't know what to do with and how did you come to that conclusion?
- How are you, or do you plan to, continue to engage stakeholders going forward and why?



**Hawai‘i Department of Education**

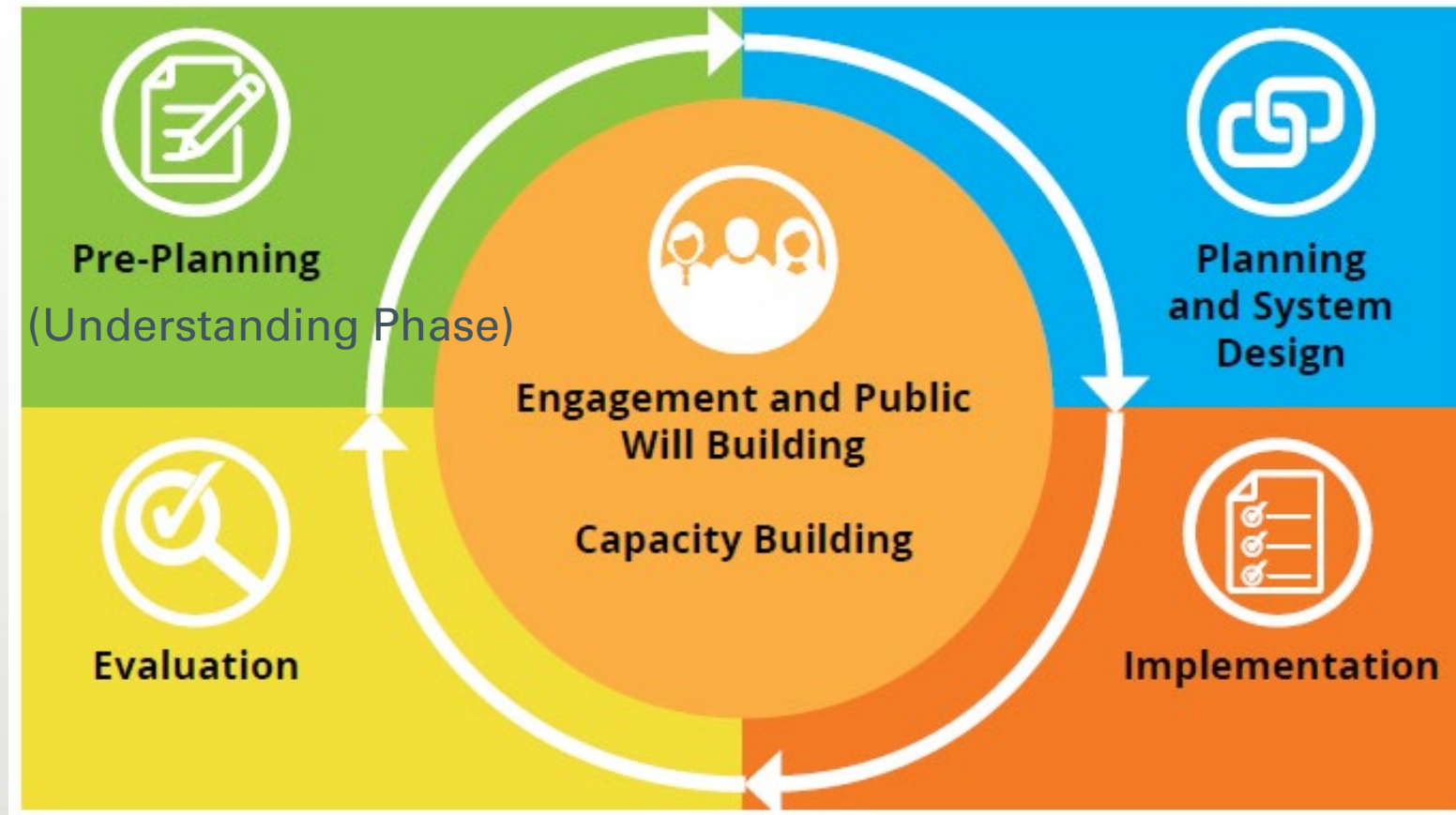
# **Engaging Stakeholders in Innovative Assessment Design**

**Brian Reiter**

**Hawaii DOE Assessment Administrator**



# Innovative Assessment Development Process







# Stakeholders and Stakes

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Stakeholder Group	What's at Stake?
Students	Personal success throughout school, future opportunity
Parents	Pride, success, and opportunity for the students they care about
School staff	Professional efficacy and job satisfaction
Complex Area (district) and state staff	"Adequate yearly progress," meeting accountability expectations
Policy Makers (school board, legislators)	Fulfilling the district's mission, media coverage, accountability
Community Members	Ability to hire graduates with skills needed, community economics; Community pride and "livability," real estate values

# Stakeholder Involvement in Pre-Planning

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- **Objective**

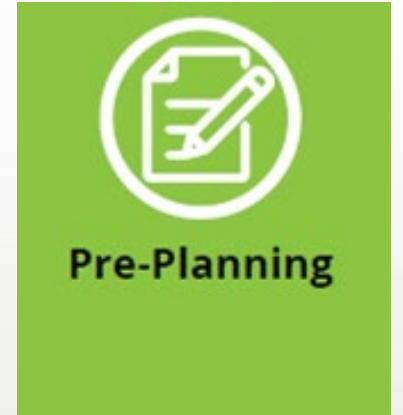
- Engage a broad spectrum of stakeholders in discussion to increase design team understanding

- **Purpose**

- To provide opportunity for input
- To inform and provide contextual knowledge
- To develop an understanding of various stakeholder perceptions
- To build 'ownership' of the proposed design

- **Method**

- In-person multi-stakeholder meetings (25 participants)
- Direct involvement of stakeholder experts (e.g., SPED/EL advocacy groups)



# Outreach and Recruitment

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- **Announcements**
  - Media (traditional and social)
  - Website postings
  - Flyers
  - Emails
- **Multi-Stakeholder Group Recruitment**
  - Target stakeholder groups
  - Open invitation to apply
  - Automate messaging
  - Identify 'best ambassadors' for participation
  - Send multiple reminders



# Stakeholder Involvement in Design

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- **Objective**

- Ensure stakeholders are informed of development activities and have an opportunity to provide feedback

- **Purpose**

- To stay informed of current developments
- To provide opportunity for feedback
- To increase awareness

- **Method**

- Online engagement – website, email, social media
- Mass surveys – emailed and linked
- Webinars – record and post to website



# Stakeholder Involvement in Implementation

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- **Objective**

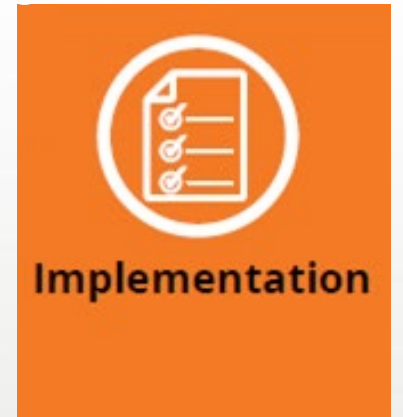
- Ensure stakeholders are informed of implementation activities and have an opportunity to provide feedback

- **Purpose**

- To stay informed of current developments
- To provide opportunity for feedback
- To increase awareness

- **Method**

- Online engagement – website, email, social media
- Mass surveys





# Design and Implementation Stakeholder Involvement

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- Clear expectations
- Stakeholder experts participate in design and implementation phases
- Multi-stakeholder groups informed and encouraged to provide feedback
- Seek to build consensus pragmatically (effective collaboration doesn't require consensus)



# Stakeholder Involvement in Evaluation

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- **Objective**

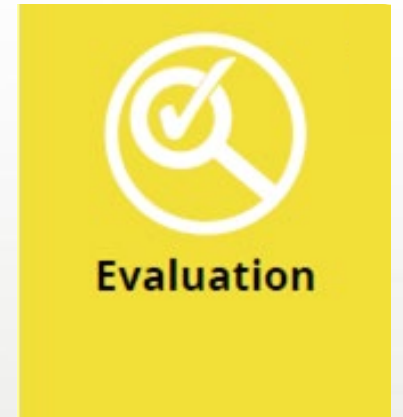
- Engage a broad spectrum of stakeholders in evaluation of prototype

- **Purpose**

- To develop an understanding of the proposed design
- To build 'ownership' of the proposed design
- To increase awareness

- **Method**

- Annual multi-stakeholder advisory panel (hybrid – both in-person & virtual)
- Stakeholder partnerships (teacher union, PTSA, SPED advocacy groups)
- Mass surveys



# Key Takeaways

- Online engagement for discussion and feedback
- Focus group / small group meetings to elicit feedback on particular issues
- Large scale public meeting (or multi-stakeholder forums) for information dissemination and discussion
- Engage stakeholder experts
- Cross-sector partnerships
- Annual advisory panel for ongoing dialogue with key stakeholders and to establish feedback loop
- Communicate early and often

# **RILS 2021**

## **Planning for Innovation: Engaging Stakeholders**

**Jeff Broom, Chicago Public Schools**

- Chicago Context
- Accountability Redesign
- Key Factors in Driving Stakeholder Engagement Design
- Activities, Lessons Learned, Path Forward



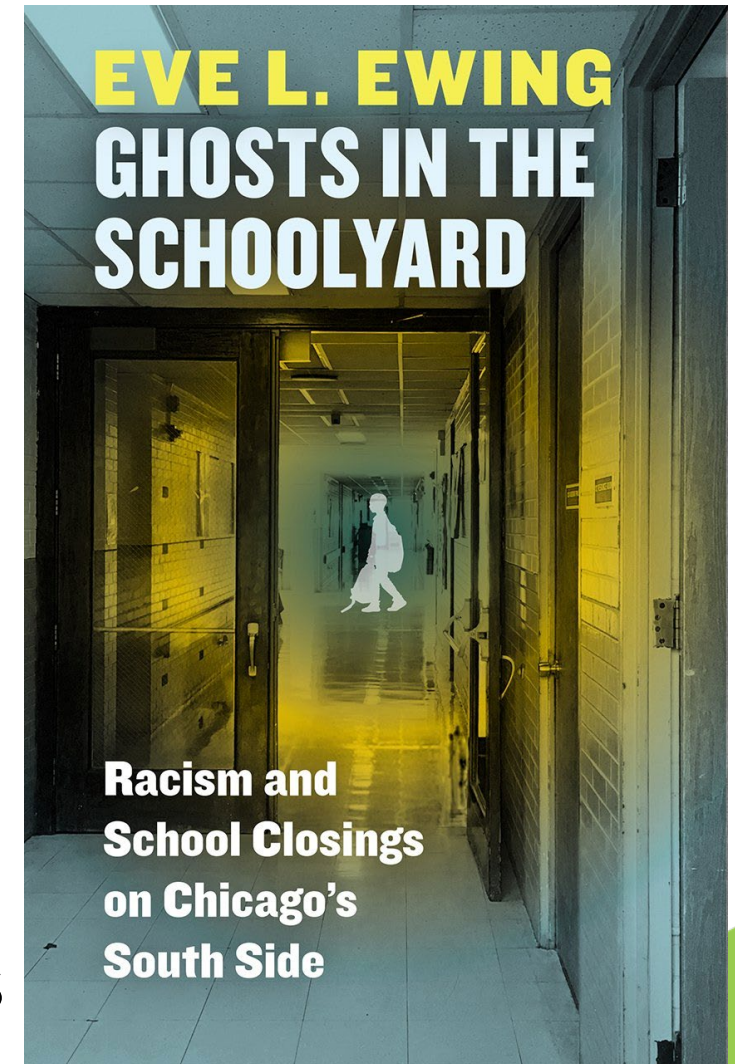
- **1987 - 2010**
  - William Bennett's "Worst Schools in Nation" comments
  - Mayoral Control, Local School Councils
  - Illinois School Code Section 8.3
  - Renaissance 2010



- **2010 - present**

- School closures of 2013 - Ghosts in the Schoolyard
- Eight CEOs since 2009 (about to hire number nine)
- Lightfoot election April 2019
- First meeting of new Chicago Board of Education [June 2019](#) - mandate for new accountability system

**Board's biggest critique of current system was lack of stakeholder involvement in its design**





# Stakeholder Engagement Drivers

## **What were some of the key factors driving how we designed our stakeholder engagement work?**

- New Board's objections to previous policy design (i.e. insufficient stakeholder involvement)
- Stakeholders' lived experiences (collective trauma from past district actions; lack of trust in the district generally, etc.)
- District capacity for engagement - historically more pro forma (including during school closings); gave impression of stakeholder management, rather than engagement

# Stakeholder Engagement Drivers (cont.)

- Go big or go home - if we didn't engage stakeholders meaningfully, the quality of the policy design would be irrelevant
- Build capacity - articulating complex ideas at scale; making meaning of feedback to drive recommendations. Raised \$100k, engaged [Kids First Chicago](#)
- Change how we operate - if the process didn't **feel** different, the policy changes would fail, regardless of efforts

# Engagement Activities

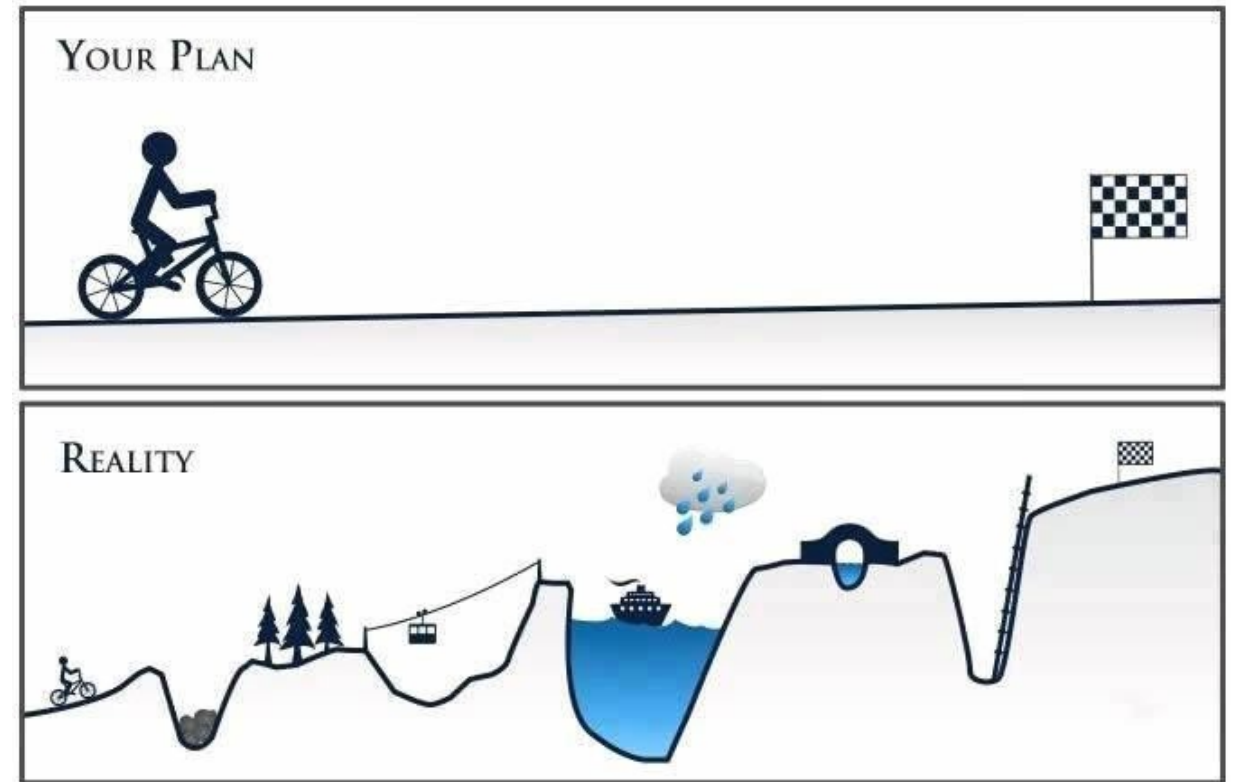
## What kinds of activities have we conducted?

- Democratized policy making process - convened advisory group to guide policy design
- Launched [website](#) where meeting materials are posted - accountability through transparency
- Conducted five town halls (in English and Spanish) with over 750 participants - posting report publicly
- Two rounds of meeting with PACs, CACs, LCSAB, etc. with over 1800 participants and materials distributed to over 4000 LSC members
- First round of focus groups - over 180 participants from various constituencies (students, family, teachers, etc.)
- Multiple summer learning sessions with principals
- Convened a Stakeholder Engagement Design Team (SEDt) to design the stakeholder engagement work and interpret results

# Stakeholder Impact

## How has/will stakeholder feedback impacted the process?

- Content of policy is driven to a great extent by feedback and will be evaluated by the extent to which it reflects stakeholder priorities
- SEDT grew out of stakeholder recommendations
- Membership of redesign advisory group shifted in response to stakeholder concerns
- Timeline and pace of work has shifted in response to stakeholder concerns about pace



# The Path Forward

- Additional rounds of focus groups to evaluate and validate policy proposals
- City-wide survey
- Implement “network liaison” model to engage school leaders in process at scale
- Additional rounds of touchpoints with CACs, PACs, etc.
- Continue transparency for advisory group discussions



# Discussion



# Facilitators: Chris Domaleski & Carla Evans





[www.nciea.org](http://www.nciea.org)