Specifying the Domain of the NGSS for Assessment

Kathleen Scalise, University of Oregon 2017 Program in the Edward F. Reidy, Jr. Interactive Lecture Series RILS, Portsmouth, NH 03801 September 28-29, 2017



California's Next Generation Science Standards (CA NGSS) Assessment Plan

State Board of Education March 2016

Source: Slides from Michelle Center, Director Assessment Development and Administration

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Tom Torlakson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction



TOM TORLAKSON State Superintendent of Public Instruction

NGSS Design Team Members

- David Baum, Systems Analyst & Interoperability Specialist, ETS
- Dr. Katherine Castellano, Psychometrician, ETS
- Peter Chan, General Manager, Application Development, ETS
- Dr. Tim Davey, Psychometrician, ETS
- Dr. Janet Koster von Groos, Assessment Specialist, Physics, ETS
- Dr. Cara Laitusis, Director, Validity Research, ETS
- Cassandra Malcom, NGSS Program Manager, ETS
- Dr. James Pellegrino, Professor and Co-Director of the Learning Sciences Institute, University of Illinois, Chicago
- Dr. Kathleen Scalise, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Science Director, ETS; Professor, University of Oregon
- Kit Viator, Executive Director, K-12 Assessment, ETS



2014

DEVELOPING ASSESSMENTS FOR THE NEXT GENERATION SCIENCE STANDARDS

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES



Report's Main Messages

 Assessment tasks should allow students to engage in science practices in the context of disciplinary core ideas and crosscutting concepts. This poses a significant design challenge.

- Multi-component tasks that make use of a variety of response formats will be best suited for this.
- Selected-response questions, short and extended constructed response questions, and performance tasks can all be used, but should be carefully designed to ensure that they measure the intended construct and support the intended inference.

2. Students will need multiple and varied assessment opportunities to demonstrate their proficiencies with the NGSS performance expectations.



Role of Stakeholders

CAST and CAA for Science designs were informed by feedback from:





TOM TORLAKSON State Superintendent of Public Instruction

CA NGSS Assessment Design Goals

Goals for the design are to:

- Emphasize importance of group-level results to promote improvements to teaching and learning.
- Provide models of high quality, CA NGSS-aligned assessment items.
- Create incentives for schools to provide science instruction in <u>every</u> grade, not just in tested grades
- Measure the range and depth of NGSS performance expectations by leveraging the state's distinctly large student population.
- · Minimize testing time and costs.



TOM TORLAKSON State Superintendent of Public Instruction

CA NGSS Design Features (continued)

- This is a two-stage adaptive assessment.
- Uses partial matrix sampling of content
 - Group level feedback while ensuring individual student performance is measured fairly and comparably
- Administered at grades five, eight and grade ten, eleven, or twelve.
- The assessment is designed to be administered in two hours or less.

10

From slides of: Test Design Features, CCSSO, June 2017 TIM DAVEY Educational Testing Service

Test Design









- •32 mainly discrete items.
- •60 minutes,
- •Contributes to student and group scores.
- •2 performance tasks, each with 5-6 items.
- •40 minutes.
- •Contributes to student and group scores.

- Differs across students.
- •Looks like either A *or* B, but half length.
- •13 mainly discrete items or 1 PT.
- •20 minutes.
- •Contributes only to grouplevel scores.

Domain	Practice								Integrated
	1	2	3	4	5	6	·	n	Content Scores
Physical Science	CCC								
Life Science			ССС						
Earth & Space Science		Etc.							
Integrated Practice Scores									Total Score

Accumulating Scores

Individual Total scores are based on Segments A & B only.

- Individual subscores (perhaps augmented) may be possible for major content areas.
- Group-level score means and distributions are based on A, B and C.
 - Subscore means & distributions are likely for all major content domains and SEPs.
 - Group size sufficient to support reporting needs to be determined.

Field test analyses will inform aggregation and reporting methodology.

CAST Training Tests

- Purpose: Provide students with an opportunity to view CA NGSS-aligned items
- Educators and students are encouraged to access the training test to see a variety of science content and item types.

Link to the CAST training tests is available at <u>http://www.caaspp.org/practice-and-training/index.html</u>. Select a test for grades 5, 8 or high school.





Student Interface

14

Practice and Training Tests

If you are a student, select this button to access the Practice and Training Tests for the online tests.

California Department of Education | Educational Testing Service | Legal | Privacy & Security | Get Adobe Reader (for PDFs)

For more information about CAST and CAASPP:

California Science Test Web Page http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/ca/caasppscience.asp

NGSS for California Public Schools, K-12 http://www.cde.ca.gov/pd/ca/sc/ngssstandards.asp

Join the CAASPP listserv for weekly updates! Send a blank e-mail to <u>subscribe-caaspp@mlist.cde.ca.gov</u>.

> CDE CAASPP Office caaspp@cde.ca.gov 916-445-8765

Pocket Slides





Summary

<u>Requirement</u>

Comparable student scores

Reliable studentlevel scores. Feature

Segments A & BAdaptive content selection.

Multi-stage adaptation in Segment A.

Stable, valid and detailed grouplevel scores.

Minimize testing time.

- Partial matrix design
 Use of variable section to deepen and broaden item sampling.
- Multi-stage adaptation.Partial matrix design.

CAASPP Assessments

California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP)



California Alternate Assessment (CAA)

Science

California Science Test (CAST) CAA for Science

Reading/Language Arts Standards-based Tests in Spanish



Additional Resources:

- Interim assessments
- Formative assessment processes (Digital Library)
- Grade two diagnostics (English language arts/literacy and mathematics)

18

Science Assessment: The California Way

From slides of Michelle Center

Director, Assessment Development and Administration Division



California Department of Education



<u>Requirement</u>

Comparable student scores

Reliable student-level scores.

Stable, valid and detailed grouplevel scores.

Minimize testing time.

California Science Test (CAST) Design Goals

Promote improvements to teaching and learning

Provide models of high quality assessment items

Incentivize science instruction in <u>every</u> grade

Measure the range and depth of CA NGSS

Minimize testing time and costs

Reflect fidelity to the CA NGSS

6

Segment A

Segment A is two-stage adaptive, presenting selected response and machine-scored short answer items that cover a *broad* range of the CA NGSS performance expectations.

Segment A

Segment A is two-stage adaptive, presenting selected response and machine-scored short answer items that cover a *broad* range of the CA NGSS performance expectations.





24

Segment B presents a pair of performance tasks that ask students to solve complex problems set in domain-specific contexts.

Segment B

Segment B presents a pair of performance tasks that ask students to solve complex problems set in domain-specific contexts.

A Different Sort of Adaptation

Performance in Segment A guides the selection of science domains presented in Segment B.

The assignment of the science domains in Segment B is random unless performance on a particular domain in Segment A is conspicuously weak.

Variable Segment

Segment C presents items or tasks that serve a variety of purposes:

- Strengthen group-level scores by expanding the breadth and depth of the item samples on which scores are based.
 - Group scores are most valid and stable when based on dense item samples.
 - Extending the item sample across grades encourages teaching of science at all grade levels.
- Increases the size of the equating "anchor", further stabilizing trend scores.